

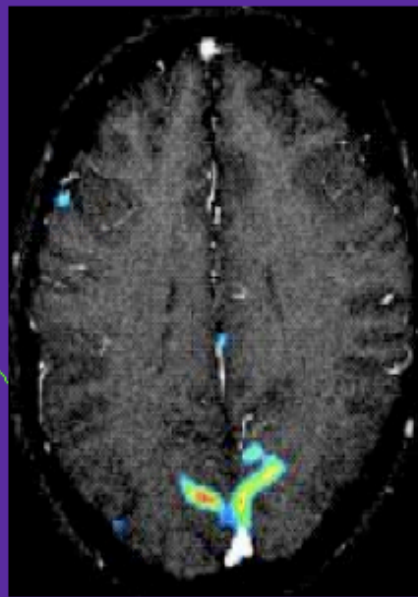
# Neuroimaging technologies

EEG



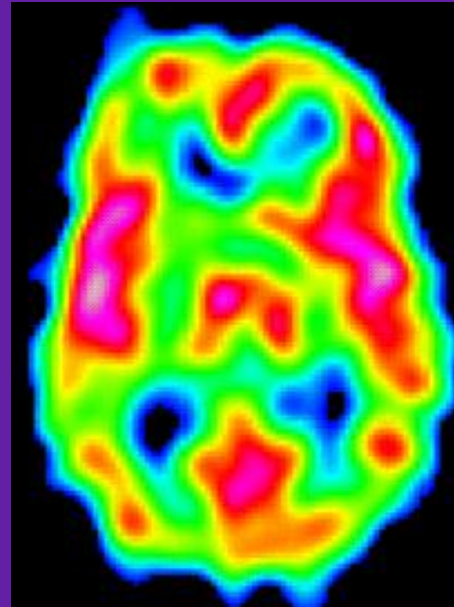
ms

fMRI



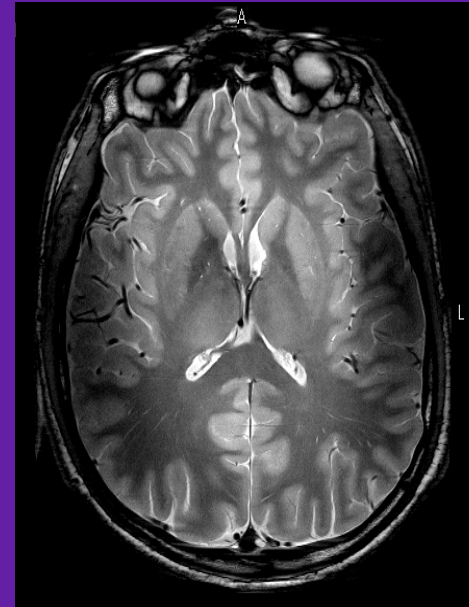
sec

FDG-PET



min

aMRI

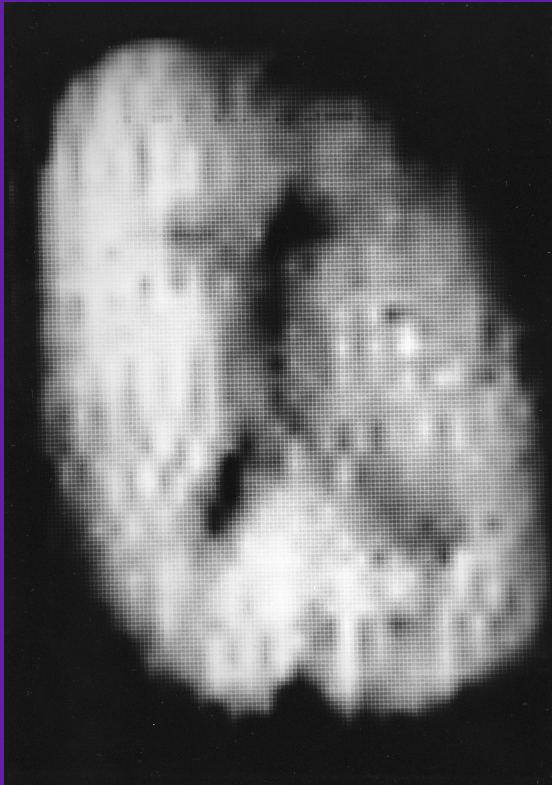


indefinite

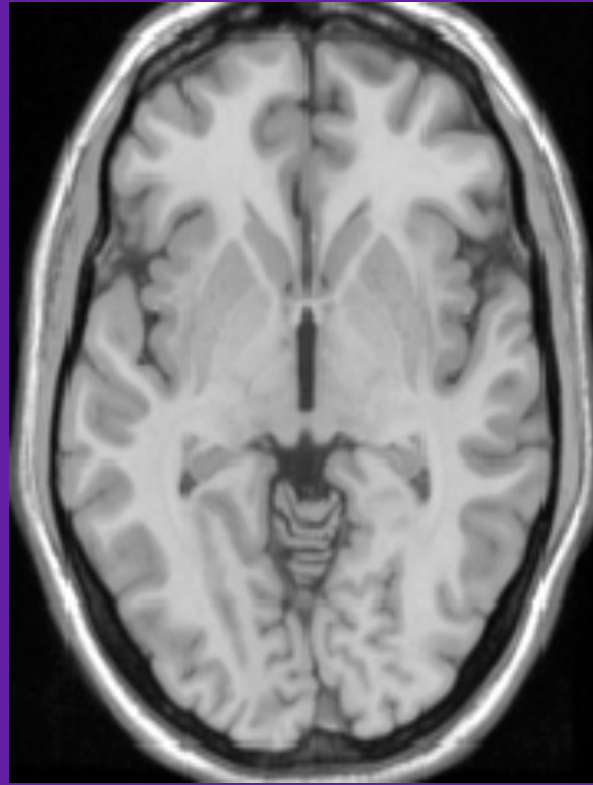
# Magnetic Resonance Imaging: the MRI scanner



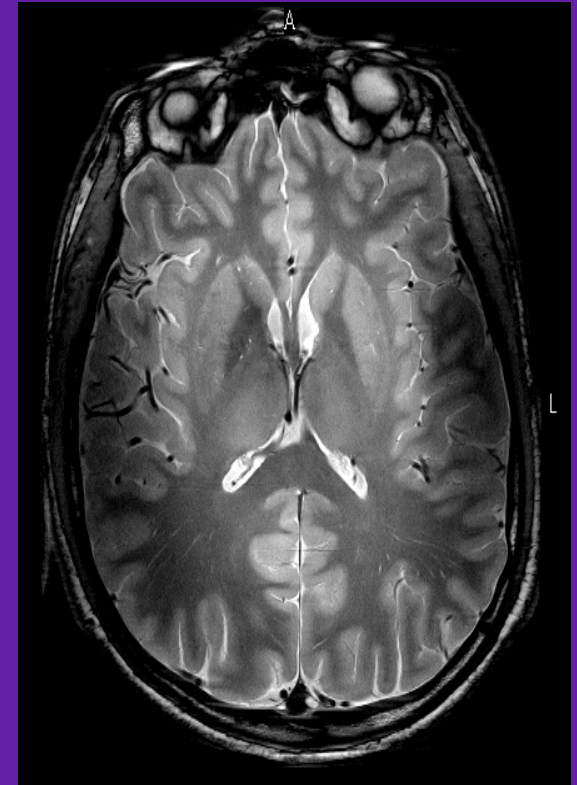
# Improvements in MRI resolution



0.1T  
Nottingham, 1978



1.5T, 27 averages  
Montreal, 1995



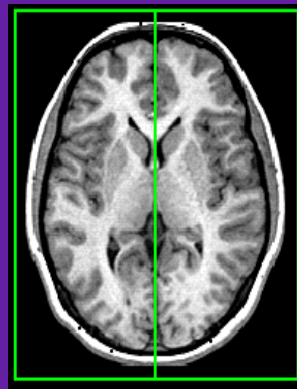
7.0T  
Nottingham, 2005

# Image processing of MRI inputs

## Analysis



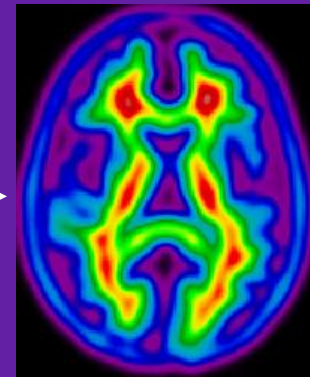
“Native” MRI



Registered MRI



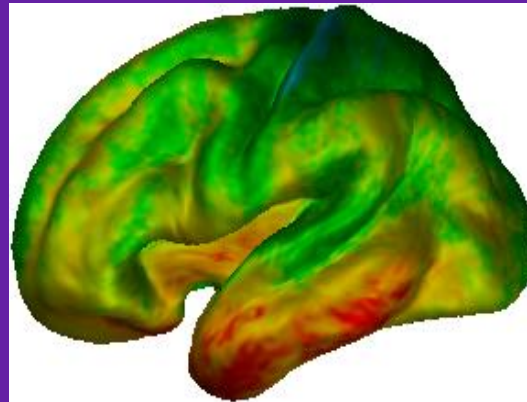
Tissue  
Classification



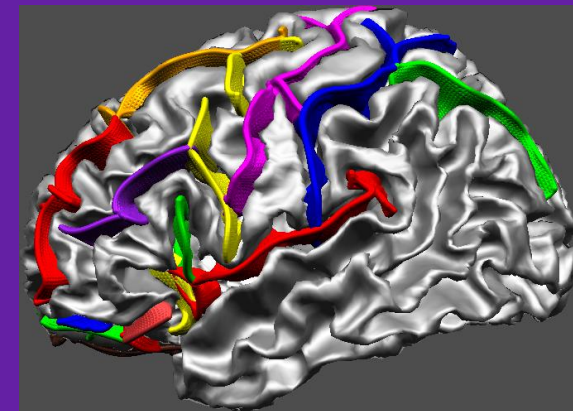
White-matter  
Density



Segmentation

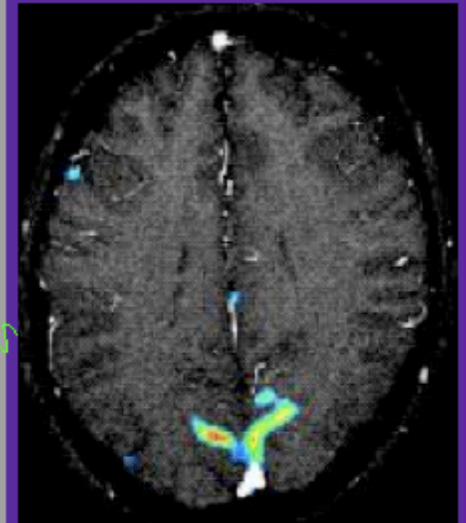
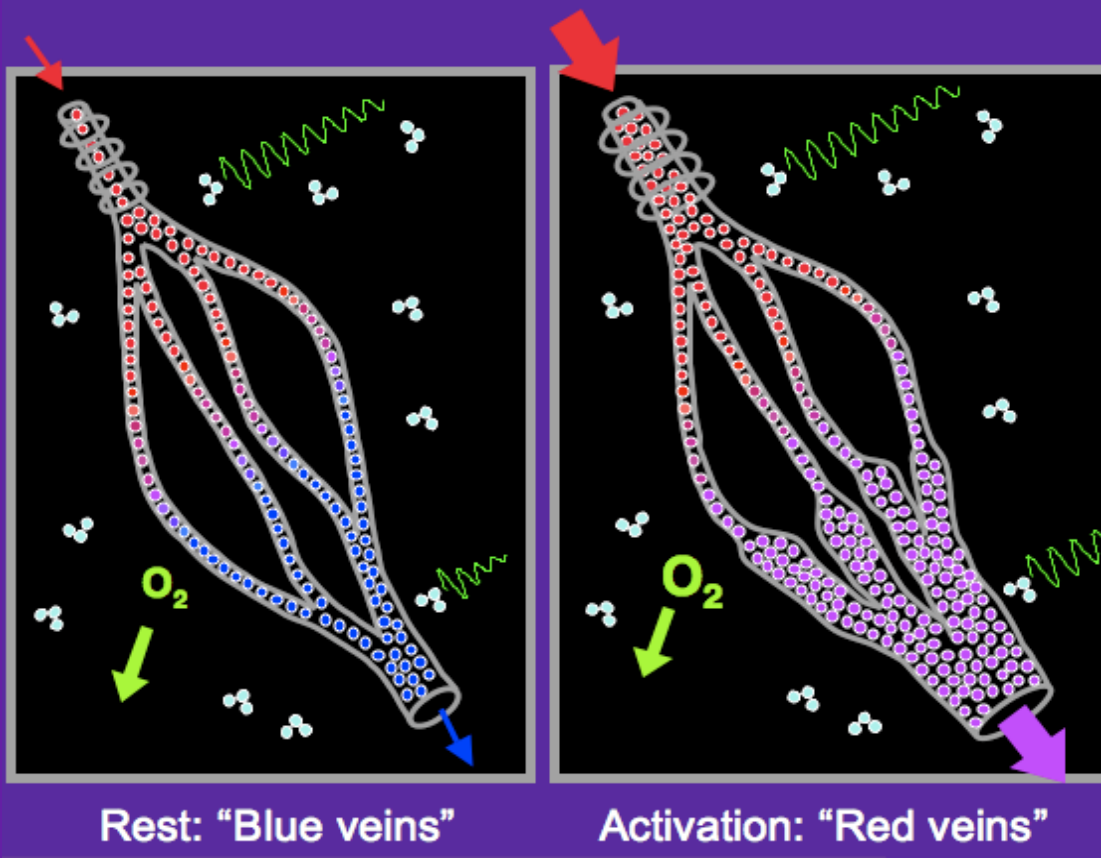


Cortical thickness



Cerebral sulci

# fMRI imaging



"Red-veins" signal  
to visual stimulation



Image © 2010 DigitalGlobe  
© 2010 Cnes/Spot Image

©2009 Google

30°49'53.81" S 121°21'30.30" E elev. 0 m

Eye alt 2.23 km

# In a bit more detail

- Sercombe, H. (2010) Risk dynamics and the teenage brain. In *Counselling Children and Young People*. March. At <http://www.ccyp.co.uk/journal.php>
- Sercombe, H. (2010) The teen brain research: critical perspectives. *Youth and Policy*. No 105.
- Sercombe, H. (2010) The gift and the trap: working the “teen brain” research into our concept of youth. *Journal of Adolescent Research* Vol 25 No 1 pp 31-47.
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